Globe Capital Market Limited Consolidated Financials For year ended 31 March 2016

Independent Auditors' Report To the Members of Globe Capital Market Limited

Report on the Consolidated Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Globe Capital Market Limited ('the Holding Company'), and its subsidiaries and a step-down subsidiary (or 'the components') (together referred to as 'the Group'), which comprise the consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016, the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, (hereinafter referred to as the 'consolidated financial statements').

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

The Holding Company's Board of Directors is responsible for the preparation of the consolidated financial statements in terms of the requirements of the Companies Act, 2013 ("the Act') that give a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated performance and consolidated cash flows of the Group in accordance with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, including the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The respective Board of Directors of the companies included in the Group are responsible for maintenance of adequate accounting records in accordance with the provisions of the Act for safeguarding the assets of the Group and for preventing and detecting frauds and other irregularities; the selection and application of appropriate accounting policies; making judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls, that were operating effectively for ensuring the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, relevant to the preparation and presentation of the financial statements that give a true and fair view and are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, which have been used for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements by the Directors of the Holding Company, as aforesaid.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. White conducting the audit, we have taken into account the provisions of the Act, the accounting and auditing standards and matters which are required to be included in the audit report under the provisions of the Act and the Rules made thereunder.

We conducted our audit in accordance with the Standards on Auditing specified under Section 143(10) of the Act. Those Standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and the disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal financial control relevant to the Holding Company's preparation of the consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of the accounting estimates made by the Holding Company's Board of Directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.





We believe that the audit evidence obtained by us and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the consolidated financial statements.

Opinion

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the information and explanations given to us, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements give the information required by the Act in the manner so required and give a true and fair view in conformity with the accounting principles generally accepted in India, of the consolidated state of affairs of the Group as at 31 March 2016, and their consolidated profit and their consolidated cash flows for the year ended on that date.

Other matter

The results of two subsidiaries included in these Consolidated Finance Statements which constitutes total assets of Rs. 5,299,392,935 as at 31 March 2016, total revenue (including other income) of Rs. 780,408,914 and cash inflows of Rs. 82,283,985 for the year ended on that date, have been audited by P.C. Bindal & Co., B S R & Co. LLP has placed reliance on the audit reports furnished by management and our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, in so far as it relates to the amounts and disclosures included in respect of these subsidiaries, and our report in terms of sub-section (3) and (11) of Section 143 of the Act, insofar as it relates to the aforesaid subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

Further, we did not audit the financial statements and other financial information of one step-down subsidiary incorporated outside India, included in these consolidated financial statements, which constitute total assets amounting to Rs. 176,477,829 as at 31 March 2016, total revenue (including other income) of Rs. 6,755,525, and net cash outflow amounting to Rs. 11,506,003 for the year then ended. The financial statements and other financial information of the step down subsidiary as drawn up in accordance with the generally accepted accounting principles of the respective country ('the local GAAP') has been audited by other auditor duly qualified to act as the auditor in that country. The report of the other auditor has been furnished to us, and our opinion on the Consolidated l'inancial Statements, to the extent it has been derived from such financial statements is based solely on the report received of such other auditor.

Our opinion on the consolidated financial statements, and our report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements below, is not modified in respect of the above matters with respect to our reliance on the work done and reports of other auditors and the financial statements certified by the management.

Report on other legal and regulatory requirements

- As required by sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Act, we report, to the extent applicable, that:
 - (a) We have sought and obtained all the information and explanations which to the best of our knowledge and belief were necessary for the purpose of our audit of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements;
 - (b) In our opinion, proper books of accounts as required by law related to the preparation of the aforesaid consolidated financial statements have been kept so far as it appears from our examination of those books and the reports of the other auditors;
 - (c) The consolidated Balance Sheet, consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss, and the consolidated Cash Flow Statement dealt with by this Report are in agreement with the relevant books of account maintained for the purpose of preparation of the consolidated financial statements;





- (d) In our opinion, the aforesaid consolidated financial statements comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Act, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014;
- (e) On the basis of the written representations received from the directors of the Holding Company as on 31 March 2016 taken on record by the Board of Directors of the Holding Company and the reports of the statutory auditors of its subsidiary companies incorporated in India, none of the directors of the Group companies incorporated in India are disqualified as on 31 March 2016 from being appointed as a director in terms of Section 164 (2) of the Act.
- (f) With respect to the adequacy of the internal financial controls over financial reporting of the Group and the operating effectiveness of such controls, refer to our separate report in Annexure to this report.
- (g) With respect to the other matters to be included in the Auditor's Report in accordance with Rule 11 of the Companies (Audit and Auditor's) Rules, 2014, in our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us:
- (i) The consolidated financial statements disclose the impact of pending litigations on the consolidated financial statements of the Group – Refer Note 2.24 to the consolidated financial statements.
- (ii) The Group did not have any material foreseeable losses on long-term contracts including derivative contracts.
- (iii) There were no amounts which were required to be transferred to the Investor Education and Protection Fund by the Holding Company, and its subsidiary companies incorporated in India.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Jiten Chopra Partner

Membership No.: 09289年

Place: Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016 For P.C. Bindal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 003824N

K.Æ. Gu Pariner

Membership No.: 088638

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Annexure to the Independent Auditors' Report

(Referred to our report of even date).

Report on the Internal Financial Controls under Clause (i) of Sub-section 3 of Section 143 of the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act')

In conjunction with our audit of the consolidated financial statements of the Company as of and for the year ended 31 March 2016, we have audited the internal financial controls over financial reporting of Globe Capital Market Limited (the 'Holding Company'), and its subsidiary companies which are incorporated in India (together referred to as 'the Group'), as of that date.

Management's Responsibility for Internal Financial Controls

The respective Board of Directors of the Holding Company and its subsidiary companies, which are companies incorporated in India, are responsible for establishing and maintaining internal financial controls based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note on Audit of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting (the 'Guidance Note') issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'). These responsibilities include the design, implementation and maintenance of adequate internal financial controls that were operating effectively for ensuring the orderly and efficient conduct of its business, including adherence to company's policies, the safeguarding of its assets, the prevention and detection of frauds and errors, the accuracy and completeness of the accounting records, and the timely preparation of reliable financial information, as required under the Act.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the Group's internal financial controls over financial reporting based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with the Guidance Note and the Standards on Auditing, issued by the ICAI and deemed to be prescribed under Section 143(10) of the Act, to the extent applicable to an audit of internal financial controls, both issued by the ICAL Those Standards and the Guidance Note require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether adequate internal financial controls over financial reporting was established and maintained and if such controls operated effectively in all material respects.

Our audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the adequacy of the internal financial controls system over financial reporting and their operating effectiveness.

Our audit of internal financial controls over financial reporting included obtaining an understanding of internal financial controls over financial reporting, assessing the risk that a material weakness exists, and testing and evaluating the design and operating effectiveness of internal control based on the assessed risk. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgement, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained and the audit evidence obtained by the other auditors in terms of their reports referred to in the Other Matters paragraph below, is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion on the Company's internal financial controls system. over financial reporting.







Meaning of Internal Financial Controls over Financial Reporting

A company's internal financial control over financial reporting is a process designed to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. A company's internal financial control over financial reporting includes those policies and procedures that (1) pertain to the maintenance of records that, in reasonable detail, accurately and fairly reflect the transactions and dispositions of the assets of the company; (2) provide reasonable assurance that transactions are recorded as necessary to permit preparation of financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles, and that receipts and expenditures of the company are being made only in accordance with authorisations of management and directors of the company; and (3) provide reasonable assurance regarding prevention or timely detection of unauthorised acquisition, use, or disposition of the company's assets that could have a material effect on the financial statements.

Inherent Limitations of Internal Financial Controls Over Financial Reporting

Because of the inherent limitations of internal financial controls over financial reporting, including the possibility of collusion or improper management override of controls, material misstatements due to error or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projections of any evaluation of the internal financial controls over financial reporting to future periods are subject to the risk that the internal financial over financial reporting may become inadequate because of changes in conditions, or that the degree of compliance with the policies or procedures may deteriorate.

Opinion

In our opinion, the Group, has in all material respect, an adequate internal financial controls system over financial reporting and such internal financial controls over financial reporting were operating effectively as at 31 March 2016, based on the internal control over financial reporting criteria established by the Group considering the essential components of internal control stated in the Guidance Note issued by the ICAL.

Other Matters

Our aforesaid reports under Section 143(3)(i) of the Act on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting insofar as it relates to two subsidiaries, which are companies incorporated in India. The report on the adequacy and operating effectiveness of the internal financial controls over financial reporting has been provided by P.C. Bindal & Co., B S R & Co. LJ.P has placed reliance on the reports furnished by the management and our opinion in respect of these subsidiaries, is based solely on the reports of the other auditors.

For B S R & Co. LLP Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

Jiten Chopra Partner

Membership No.: 092894

Place: Gurgaon Date: 29 April 2016 For P.C. Bindal & Co.
Chartered Accountages

Firm Registration No.: 003824N

Membership No.: 08863

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Globe Capital Market Limited Consolidated Balance Sheet as at 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian rupees)

	Note	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
Equity and liabilities			
Skareholders' funds			
Share capital	2.01	328,125,000	328,125,000
Reserves and surplus	2.02	9,998,558,588	9,162,966,514
Non-current limbilities			
Long-term borrowings	2.03	59,000.000	220,000,000
Long-term provisions	2.04	30,850,591	25,290.746
Current liabilities			
Short-term horrowings	2.05	1,716,811,674	3,729,083,824
Trade payables	2.06		.,,
(a) Total outstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises			-
(b) Total outstanding dues of creditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises		20,048,763	115,834,607
Other current liabilities	2.07	5,330,756,566	4,641,531,558
Short-term provisions	2.08	64,510,082	54,787,058
		17,548,661,264	18,277,619,307
Assets _			
Non-current assets			
Fixed assets	2.09		
Tangible assets		35,808,244	35,258,399
Intangible assets		-	-
Non-corrent investments	2.10	488,939,839	73,983,607
Deferred tax assets	2,11	30,282,096	29,291,722
Long-term loans and advances	2.12	810,187,717	443,513,780
Other non-current assets	2.13	3,346,502,391	1,807,010,670
Current assets			
Inventories	2.14	2,579,243,316	5,103,205,786
Trade receivables	2.15	1,164,574,448	1,376,772,264
Cash and bank balances	2.16	4,395,730,923	5,179,878,480
Short-term loans and advances	2.17	3,749,409,234	4,154,618,448
Other current assets	2.18	947,983,056	74,086,151
		17,548,661,264	18,277,619,307
01.45			

Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements

The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 101248W/W-100022

For P.C. Bindal & Co.

Chartered Accountants

Firm Registration No.: 003824N

Jiten Chopra

Pertner

Membership No.: 092894

Membership No. 983638

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of

Whole-time Director

DIN: 00003988

Globe Capital Market Limited

Partner

Yashpal Mendiratta Managing Director

DIN: 00004185

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Dhiraj Jaiswal

Company Secretary

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Place: Gurgeon Date: 29 April 2016

Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

Globe Capital Market Limited Consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian rupees)

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	Note	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
Revenue			
Revenue from operations	2.19	2,938,713,219	3,614,711,744
Other income	2.20	1,483,947	979,442
Total revenue		2,940,197,166	3,615,691,186
Expenses			
Employee benefits expenses	2.21	409,280,006	438,251,694
Other expenses	2.22	823,014,795	914,503,680
Finance cost	2.23	455,776,358	451,917,375
Depreciation and amortisation	2.09	9,702,964	14,698,787
Total expenses		1,697,774,123	1,819,371,536
Profit before tax		1,242,423,043	1,796,319,650
Тах сарсизс			
Current income tax		417,640,000	572,865,000
Deferred tax charge/ (credit)		(990,373)	(7,280,889)
Prior year (ax adjustment			(294,499)
Profit after tax for the year		825,773,416	1,231,030,038
Exemings per equity share (par value Rs. 10 per share)			
Basic and diluted earnings per share (Rs.)	2.32	25.17	37 52
Significant accounting policies and notes to the financial statements	1,2		
The accompanying notes are an integral part of the financial statements			
As per our report of even date attached.			
For BSR & Co. LLP For P.C.Bindul & Co. Chartered Accountants Chartered Accountants		For and on behalf of Board of Direct Globe Capital Market Limited	turs of
Firm Registration No: 101248W/W-100022 Firm Registration No: 403824N		Globe Capital Maract Ellated	
Irtahilas Samuras			,
New Deint *		S ASS	the firm All
Jiten Chopra K.Z. Gupta / E/		Yashpal Mendiratta Ashok I	Cumar Agarwal
Partner Partner		Managing Director Whole-ti	ime Director
Membership No.: 092894 Membership No.: 092894		DIN: 00004185 DIN: 00	003988
		b	
		A CORPORT	
		Dhiraj Jaiswal	

Place: Gurgeon Date: 29 April 2016

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Place: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016 Company Secretary

Place: New Defhi Date: 29 April 2016

Glober Capital Market Limited Consolidated Cash Flow Suprement for the year control 31 March 2018 (All amounts are in Boliso supres)

Particulars	For the year entire 24 March 2016	Further year ended 58 March 2015
Code floor from yoursting growther		
Frofit before tax	1,342,441,041	17%,318,655
Add.		. ,
Depreciation and amortisaling		
Bud delta written-off (net of provision to longer required wellten back)	9,702,961	14,698,787
Freezing for doubtful delas	20,173,020	34,557,125
Principles for standard organic	6.117,197	2,529,211
	3316,943	362 123
Provision for non-perturning assets.	4,575,029	26,963,010
Provision for special moniton seasonal (\$64.4)	4,112.737	
lines on sale of Exect execution)		397,626
Descount on instance of minimaging paper (Included in other horn,mang cost):	75,246.915	55,441,176
Interest expanse on gyrndrafts	98,340.251	105,649,466
i ess		
Profit on sale of found asserts (no.)	(66,112)	
Profit on sale of ana-track invastavings (rgg)		
Interest our involutions in transfere bonds	(8.367,982)	(44,237,191)
Разульного бит пом-русборующе деленя		(66L/GB)
Ruil Alba recovered	(26 063)(70)	•
Dwicked excedition, non-trade investinence	(186,790)	
	(39,776,344)	(5,519,889)
Provisions an imper required written bods	(48÷941)	(1.207,025)
Operating profit before working capital changes	1,393,845,964	
- · · · · ·	1,293,212,761	1,988,395.614
Adjustation, fier		
(Economic) dispression in Inventorios	7,777,942,470	(2,477.655,536)
(formease)) depresse in Santo massinglies	225,758,300	(2,155 317,777)
(Intereste): doublesse in figures and advances (cells, unite à l'edgre)	44,785,583	(517,736/54)
(Indicates) interprets in other dualitati same, (refer and) below)	(871,684,964)	
(Incresp://docrease in other busin bulinese (refer note 2 below)	(782.191,840)	(753,670)
Increase: (decrease) in tooks psyables		(198,650,161)
* Braneser (decrease) in lightilities and provisions qualer user Melayry	(95,295,963)	36,P10,679
	654,461,948	838,155,061
Crosh government from operations	3,092,769,70%	(1,641),59(2,640)
Incomy ducts paid (net of sefund)	(403,039.262)	(561,088,110)
Contributions (2002a. St Conjunction actival responsibility)	Assolution of the second	(23,651,000)
Not cash (used in)/ generated from operating activities (A)	2,690,968,443	(2,249,141,254)
Cash florr from largeting activities		
Burn burn at burner		
Parchast of thord assets	(C)(750.247)	(17,774,479)
Proceeds from sale of fixed aware	573,549	675,796
Purchase of Insestments	(452,611,621)	(59.9:9,564)
P. Setals Coundingment of investments	26,540,870	21,649,405
Interest on image[mont in the Gee Builds	• •	661.038
² kyydond oz long teen lin-csintania	29,778,344	1,519,850
Not each (soul in)/ gracested from investing such likes (it)		
and desired the branch and the country (14)		
Cosh flow Fram Guarding activides		
Emmunices		
ineresi perdian overdinalis:		671,230 508
Clurrers meeter kine geling derm debu	(98,125,438)	(311,691,259)
	1264,497)	(190,952)
Proceeds (regayment) Joan Francick tel particle (refer to Note 4 below)	(21,000,500)	20,000,000
Proceeds from Outrino dial pages	3,277,126,156	2.911,426,690
Bepsyladin, of communicate paper	(3,740,000,00.)	(4,490,000,000)
Римахић (партупостк) Стоп		
Hank mentrads (set) (etfo to Nort 4 bylgra)	(1.294,686,219)	985,712,751
-romp Soan (azet) (cella de Neire 4 heloso)	(161,500,000;	
-others (Ed) (refix to Note 4 holow)	(509,987,000)	
Not each greatestable (1994 to) flatating activities (C)	(2.560/953.788)	
Increase in cash or (soh equivalents (A I B IC)		- ·-
·	(74,950,144)	(245,324,325)
Mail: Adjustinent on consolidation of outsidentest sup-subministra	5,818.658 	7.756,498
Not harrown in each or cook equivalents	(17,431,486)	(258,967,375)
Cash and each equivalent at the hapirning of the year (lefts, rate 2.16)	274,868,329	522,935,764
Crish and each equivalent of the end of the year (refer outs \$.16)	247,736,843	274,86H,3724

- The above Code Flow Systems in her been prepared under the indirent method associate AS-3 in Year Provided Flow Statement, as per Accounting Statement specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2017, read well Rule. To if the Companies (Accounting Statement, as per Accounting Statement specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2017, read well Rule. To if the Companies Act, 2017, read well returned to the section of the companies of the Companies and other between one others and other between Companies and Companies and Other between Companies and Companie

As per our report of even date attached

For BSR & Co. LLP Chamered Accessorings

L. Firm Registration No.: 101249W/W-FRINGS

Jiten Chapra Partner Manhashp No.: 692804

Place: Gargana Doze: 29 April 2016

Platt: New Delhi Date: 29 April 2016

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For P.C. Bindal & Ca.

For and on kelon) of Bould of Directors of Globe Capital Market Edmical

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Place, New Delhi Date: 29 April #0 [6

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Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

Significant accounting policies

(i) Basis of preparation

The Consolidated Financial Statements (hereinafter referred to as 'CFS') of Globe Capital Market Limited ('the Company') and its subsidiaries and step-down subsidiaries, (together referred to as 'the Group') are prepared under the historical cost convention on a going concern basis, i.e. on the accrual basis of accounting, in accordance with the Indian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles (GAAP) and comply with the Accounting Standards specified under Section 133 of the Companies Act, 2013, read with Rule 7 of the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014, to the extent applicable, relevant pronouncements of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of India ('ICAI'), the Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015 ('Prudential Norms'), dated 27 March 2015 issued by the Reserve Bank of India as applicable to a subsidiary company - Globe Fineap Limited, Also refer to (iv) below.

(ii) The Consolidated Financial Statements comprise the results of the Company, its subsidiaries, and step down subsidiaries which have been listed below:

Name of the subsidiary/step-down subsidiary	Country of incorporation	Proportion of ownership	Date of incorporation
Globe Commodities Limited	India	100%	/ acquisition 1 April 2007
Globe Fincap Limited	India	100%	3 April 2008
Globe Derivatives and Securities Limited	India	100%	27 October 2010
Globe Comex International DMCC *	Dubai, United Arab Emirates	100%	22 October 2005

^{* 100%} subsidiary of Globe Commodities Limited

(iii) Current-non-current classification

All assets and liabilities are classified into current and non-current.

Assets

An asset is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria;

- a) it is expected to be realized in, or is intended for sale or consumption in, the company's normal operating cycle;
- it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is expected to be realised within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) it is eash or eash equivalent unless it is restricted from being exchanged or used to settle a liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date.

Current assets include the current portion of non-current financial assets.

All other assets are classified as non-current.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

Liabilities

A liability is classified as current when it satisfies any of the following criteria;

- a) it is expected to be settled in the company's normal operating cycle;
- b) it is held primarily for the purpose of being traded;
- c) it is due to be settled within 12 months after the reporting date; or
- d) the company does not have an unconditional right to defer scuttement of the liability for at least 12 months after the reporting date. Terms of a liability that could, at the option of the counterparty, result in its settlement by the issue of equity instruments do not affect its classification.

Cuttent liabilities include current portion of non-current financial liabilities.

All other liabilities are classified as non-current.

Operating cycle

Operating cycle is the time between the acquisition of assets for processing and their realisation in cash or cash equivalents.

(iv) Consolidation procedures

- a) The CFS are prepared in accordance with Accounting Standard (AS-21) 'Consolidated Financial Statements' as notified under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. The financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries are combined on a fine by line basis by adding together sums of like nature, comprising assets, liabilities, income and expenses (including taxes) and after eliminating intra-group balances/ transactions. Also refer to (xx) below.
- b) The separate financial statements of foreign step-down subsidiary are prepared on the basis of generally accepted accounting principles, laws and regulations as prevalent in their respective country and such financial statements are considered for consolidation. The effect of adjustments on account of variance in accounting policies of such foreign step-down subsidiary vis-à-vis those of the Company, if material, are reflected in the Consolidated Financial Statements.
- c) Subsidiaries are consolidated on the date on which effective control is transferred to the Group and are no longer consolidated from the date of disposal.
- d) The separate financial statements of the Company, its subsidiaries and its step-down subsidiary had been drawn for the period from 1 April 2015 to 31 March 2016.
- e) The Company's cost of its investment in its subsidiaries has been eliminated against the Company's portion of equity of each subsidiary as on the date of investment in that subsidiary. Similarly, in the case of step-down subsidiary, a subsidiary's cost of its investment in its subsidiaries has been eliminated against the subsidiary's portion of equity of each subsidiary as on the date of investment in that subsidiary. The excess/short, if any, is recognised as 'Goodwill' or 'Capital reserve' as the case may be.
- f) Minority interest, if any, in the net profit of consolidated subsidiaries for the reporting period is identified and adjusted against the income of the group in order to arrive at the net income attributed to the owners of the Company; and the minority interest in the net assets of consolidated subsidiaries is identified and presented in the CFS separately from liabilities and the equity of the Company's shareholders. Minority interests in the net assets comprise of:





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

- (i) the amount of equity attributable to minorities at the date on which investment in a subsidiary is made; and
- (ii) the minorities' share of movements in equity since the date the parent-subsidiary relationship came in existence.
- g) For the purpose of compilation of the CFS, the foreign currency assets, liabilities, income and expenditure are translated as per Accounting Standard (AS-11) on 'Accounting for the Effects of Changes in Foreign Exchange Rates', as notified under the Companies (Accounts) Rules, 2014. Exchange differences arising are recognised in the foreign currency translation reserve classified under 'Reserves and Surplus'.
- h) As far as possible, the Consolidated Financial Statements have been prepared using uniform accounting policies for comparable transactions and other events in similar circumstances and are presented in the same manner as the Company's standalone financial statements.

(v) Use of estimates

The preparation of Consolidated financial statements in conformity with GAAP requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities as at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from these estimates. Adjustments as a result of differences between actual results and estimates are recognised prospectively.

(vi) Fixed assets (including intangible assets) and related depreciation/amortisation

All fixed assets (including intangible assets) are stated at historical cost less any accumulated depreciation. Cost includes original cost of acquisition and incidental expenses related to such acquisition.

Depreciation on fixed assets (except in case of foreign subsidiary) is provided on the straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as determined by the management. Depreciation is provided at the following rates which are in line with the corresponding rates prescribed in Schedule II of the Companies Act, 2013:

Assets Category	Useful life of Asset (Rate of depreciation)
Furniture and fixtures	10 years (10%)
Office equipment	5 years (20%)
Computers	3 years (33.33%)
Computer server	6 years (16.67%)
Car	8 years (12.50%)

Amortisation of intangible assets (except in case of foreign subsidiary) comprising of computer software has been provided at straight-line basis over a period of five years, which in the opinion of the management represents the best estimate of useful life of these assets.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

In case of foreign subsidiary:

Depreciation on tangible fixed assets has been provided on straight line basis as under:-

- Globe Comex International DMCC : Office equipment : 6.7 years : Parniture and fittings : 6.7 years

The appropriateness of depreciation/ amortisation is reviewed by the management in each financial year.

(vii) Impairment of assets

The carrying amounts of assets are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated. For assets that are not yet available for use, the recoverable is estimated at each Balance Sheet date. An impairment loss is recognized whenever the carrying amount of an asset or cash-generating unit exceeds its recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. An impairment loss is reversed if there has been a change in the estimates used to determine the recoverable amount. An impairment loss is reversed only to the extent that the asset's carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined net of depreciation or amortization, if no impairment loss had been recognized.

(viii) Investments

Investments are classified into non-current investments and current investments based on intent of management at the time of making the investment. Investments which are intended to be held for more than one year are classified as long term investments and those which are intended to be held for less than one year are classified as current investments. Non-current investments are valued at cost unless there is diminution, other than temporary, in their value. Diminution is considered other than temporary based on criteria that include the extent to which cost exceeds the market value, the duration of the market decline and the financial health of and specific prospects for the issuer. Diminution in value of long-term investments when considered to be other than temporary is fully provided for and reflected as a provision for diminution in investment. Current investments are valued at lower of cost and market value. Market value for quoted shares is determined after adjusting quoted price of shares for management estimate of impact of market parameters affecting the actual sale value e.g. volume of sale, frequency of sale etc.

(ix) Inventories

Inventories or stock-in-trade is valued at lower of cost and net realizable value. Cost comprises expenditure incurred in the normal course of business in bringing such stock to their location and conditions and includes appropriate overheads. Stock-in-trade includes stock pledged, if any, against secured loans from banks and kept as margin/ securities with the stock exchanges and does not include stocks held on behalf of clients/ constituents. Cost is calculated on FIFO basis. Uptill 31 March 2015, the above mentioned computation of cost/ net realizable value was carried out on a scrip-wise basis. The Company has changed its accounting policy from 1 April 2015 to value such inventories on a category-wise basis (equity shares, preference shares, bonds etc. excluding stock-in-trade pertaining to commodities). Also refer Note 2,29.

(x) Revenue recognition

- a) Revenue from broking activities is accounted for on an accrual basis on the trade date of transaction and includes related charges recovered from customers/ constituents.
- b) Income from trading in securities, commodities and derivatives and arbitrage comprises profit/ loss on sale of securities/ commodities held as stock-in-trade and profit/ loss on equity/ commodity and







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

derivatives instruments. Profit/ loss on sale of securities/ commodities is determined based on the PIFO cost of the securities/ commodities sold and is accounted for on the trade date of transaction. Profit/ loss on equity/ commodity derivatives transactions is accounted as explained below:

Equity index/ stock commodity and derivatives

- 'Initial margin' representing initial margin paid, and 'margin deposits', representing additional margin over and above initial margin, for entering into contracts for equity index/ stock and commodity futures, which are released on final settlement/ squaring-up of underlying contracts, are disclosed under 'short-term/ long-term loans and advances'.
- 2. Equity index/ stock and commodity futures are marked-to-market on a daily basis. Debit or credit balance disclosed under 'short term loans and advances' or 'current liabilities', respectively, in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock and Commodity Putures Account', represents the net amount paid or received on the basis of movement in the prices of index/ stock futures till the Balance Sheet date.
- 3. As on the Balance Sheet date, profit/ loss on open positions in index/ stock and commodity futures are accounted for as follows:
 - Uptill 31 March 2015, Credit balance in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock Futures
 Account', being anticipated profit, was ignored and no credit for the same was taken in the
 Statement of Profit and Loss. Debit balance in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/ Stock
 Futures Account', being anticipated loss was adjusted in the Statement of Profit and Loss.
 - With effect from 1 April 2015, Credit/ debit balance in the 'Mark-to-Market Margin-Equity Index/
 Stock Futures Account', being anticipated profit/ loss, is adjusted in the Statement of Profit and
 Loss. Also refer Note 2.30.
 - On final settlement or squaring-up of contracts for equity index/ stock futures, the profit or loss is calculated as the difference between settlement/ squaring-up price and contract price. Accordingly, debit or credit balance pertaining to the settled/ squared-up contract in 'Mark-to-Market Margin Equity Index/ Stock Futures Account' is recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. When more than one contract in respect of the relevant series of equity index futures contract to which the squared-up contract pertains is outstanding at the time of the squaring-up of the contract, the contract price of the contract so squared-up is determined using FIFO method for calculating profit/loss on squaring-up.
- Dividend from investments is accounted for as income when the right to receive dividend is established.
- d) Interest on financing activities is recognised on accrual basis as per contractual terms and when there is no uncertainty in receiving the same. In terms of the RBI directions, interest income on Non-Performing Assets (NPA's), if any, is recognised only when it is actually realised.
- e) Interest on fixed deposit, depository income, portfolio management fees and other heads of income are accounted on accrual basis.
- f) In respect of other heads of income, the Company follows the practice of recognizing income on an accrual basis.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(xi) Foreign currency transactions

Foreign currency transactions are accounted for at the exchange rate prevailing on the date of the transaction. Exchange difference arising due to the differences in the exchange rate between the transaction date and the date of settlement of any monetary items is recognised in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

Monetary assets and monetary liabilities denominated in foreign currency are translated at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of Balance Sheet and resultant gain/ loss, if any, is recorded as an income or expense in the period in which they arise.

Also refer to Note 1(iv)(g),

(xii) Current and deferred tax

Income-tax expense comprises current tax (i.e. amount of tax for the period/ year determined in accordance with the Income-tax law) and deferred tax charge or credit (reflecting the tax effects of timing differences between accounting income and taxable income for the period/ year). The deferred tax charge or credit and the corresponding deferred tax liabilities or assets are recognised using the tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the Balance Sheet date. Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent there is reasonable certainty that the assets can be realised in future; however, where there is unabsorbed depreciation or carried forward loss under taxation laws, deferred tax assets are recognised only if there is a virtual certainty of realisation of such assets.

Deferred tax assets are reviewed as at each Balance Sheet date and written down or written-up to reflect the amount that is reasonably/ virtually certain (as the case may be) to be realised.

(xiii) Employee benefits

The Group's obligation towards various employee benefits is recognised as follows:

Short-term employee benefits

All employee benefits payable/ available within twelve months of rendering the service are classified as short-term employee benefits. Benefits such as salaries, wages and bonus etc., are recognised in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss in the period/ year in which the employee renders the related service.

Employee entitlements to annual leave are recognised when they accrue to the eligible employees. An accrual is made for the estimated liability for annual leave as a result of services rendered by the eligible employees up to the Balance Sheet date.

Defined contribution plan

Provident fund is a defined contribution plan. The contribution towards provident fund has been deposited with Regional Provident Fund Commissioner and is charged to the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss.

Defined benefit plan

The Company pays gratuity to employees who retire or resign after a minimum period of five years of continuous service. The gratuity liability as at year end is determined by an independent actuary appointed by the Company. Actuarial valuation of gratuity liability is calculated based on certain assumptions regarding rate of interest, salary growth, mortality and staff attrition as per the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Actuarial gains and losses are recognised immediately in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Gains or losses on the curtailment or settlement of any defined benefit plan are recognised when the curtailment or settlement occurs.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(xiv) Leases

Lease payments under operating lease are recognised as an expense in the consolidated Statement of Profit and Loss on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

(xy) Provision, contingent liabilities and contingent assets

The Group creates a provision when there is present obligation as a result of a past event that probably requires an outflow of resources and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation. A disclosure for a contingent liability is made when there is a possible obligation or a present obligation that may, but probably will not, require an outflow of resources. When there is a possible obligation or a present obligation in respect of which the likelihood of outflow of resources is remote, no provision or disclosure is made.

Provisions are reviewed at each Balance Sheet date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate. If it is no longer probable that an outflow of resources would be required to settle the obligation, the provision is reversed.

Contingent assets are not recognised in the Consolidated Financial Statements. However, contingent asset are assessed continually and if it is virtually certain that an inflow of economic benefits will arise, the asset and related income are recognised in the period in which the change occurs.

(xvi) Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity shares outstanding during the year. Diluted earnings per share is computed using the weighted average number of equity and dilutive potential equity equivalent shares outstanding during the year, except where the results would be anti-dilutive.

(xvii) Reserve Bank of India Prudential Norms

Globe Fincap Limited, subsidiary of the Company, is registered with the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) as a Non-Banking Financial Company (NBFC) and thus complies with the prudential norms relating to income recognition, Accounting Standards, asset classification and the minimum provisioning for standard, substandard, and bad and doubtful debts, specified in the directions issued by the RBI in terms of Non-Systemically Important Non-Banking Financial (Non-Deposit Accepting or Holding) Companies Prudential Norms (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2015" ("Prudential Norms") by circular DNBR (PD) CC.No. 024/03.10.001/2014-15 dated 27 March 2015 issued by the Reserve Bank of India and the provisions of the Companies Act, 2013, as applicable to it. Provision on standard assets has been provided at the rate of 0.25% on outstanding balance in accordance with the Prudential Norms.

(xviii) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and demand deposits with banks. Cash equivalents are short-term balances (with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition), highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of each and which are subject to insignificant risk of changes in value.

(xix) Commercial paper

In respect of commercial papers issued, the difference between the redemption value and acquisition value of commercial paper is amortized over the tenure of the instrument. The liability as at the Balance Sheet date in respect of such instruments is recognized at face value net of unamortized discount.

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Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(xx) Additional information pursuant to para 2 of general instructions for the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

Name of entity	Net	ASSCÉS	Share in pa	rofit or loss
-	As % of consolidated net assets	Amount	As % of consolidated profit or loss	Amount
Holding Company			-	
Globe Capital Market Limited	72.52	7,488,692,175	41.74	344,708,262
Subsidiary Company				
Indian :-				
Globe Commodities Limited	11.90	1,228,802,879	16.76	138,379,178
Globe Fincap Limited	10.58	1,092,089,471	30.30	250,196,452
Globe Derivatives and Securities	3.94	407,130,762	11.36	93,839,940
Limited				
Foreign :-				
Globe Comex International DMCC	1.06	109,968,306	(0.16)	(1,350,417)
Total	100	10,326,683,593	100	825,773,416





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2. Notes to the financial statements

	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.01(a): Share capital	31 mmc=2010	SI MATERIALI.
Authorised		
50,500,000 (previous year 50,500,000) equity shares of Rs. 10 cach	505,000,000	505,000,000
500,000 (previous year 500,000) 10% non cumulative redeemable preference shares of Rs. 10 each.	5,000,000	5,000,000
Issued, subscribed and fully paid-up:		
32,812,500 (previous year 32,812,500) equity shares of Rs. 10 cach	328,125,000	328,125,0 00
	328,125,000	328,125,000

2.01(b); Reconciliation of the shares outstanding at the beginning and at the end of the reporting period;

	As at 31 March	2016	As at 31 March :	2015
	Number	Amount	Number	Amount
At the beginning of the year	32,812,500	328,125,000	32,812,500	328,125,000
Issued during the period	•	· -	-	-
Outstanding at the end of the year	32,812,500	328,125,000	32,812,500	328,125,000

2.01(c): Rights, preferences and restrictions attached to share capital

The Company has one class of equity shares having a par value of Rs. 10 per share. Each holder of equity share is entitled to one vote per share. The paid-up equity shares of the Company runk pari-passu in all respects including dividend. In the event of liquidation of the Company, the holders of equity shares will be entitled to receive the remaining assets of the Company, after distribution of all preferential amounts. The distribution will be in proportion to the number of equity shares held by the shareholders.

2.01(d): Shares held by shareholders holding more than 5% shares

of securities premium account

Name of the shareholder	Number of shares as at 31 March 2016	Number of shares as at 31 March 2015
Ashok Kumar Agarwal	5,775,000	5,775,000
Yashpal Mendiratta	5,772,900	5,772,900
Alka Agarwal	2,100,000	2,100,000
Alka Mendiratta	2,100,000	2,100,000
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	2,625,000	2,625.000
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	2,625,000	2,625,000
Chent Rosehill Limited (formerly known as CVCIGP if Client Rosehill Limited)	4,188,324	4,188,324
CVCIGP II Employee Roschill Limited	2,345,805	2,345,805

2.01(e): Shares allotted as fully paid up by way of bonus shares (during 5 years immediately preceding 31 March 2016):

	31 March 2016	31 March 2015	31 March 2014	31 March 2013	31 March 2012
Equity shares allotted as fully paid	-	-	-	-	-
up bonus shares by capitalisation					







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 3! March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupess)

	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.02: Reserves and surplus		
Capital redemption reserve	•	
Opening balance	190,887,050	179,887,050
Add: Addition during the year	11,000,000	11,000,000
	201,887,050	190,887,050
Capital reserve on consolidation	43.057,120	43,057,120
Foreign curreny translation reserve		
Opening balance	45,195,259	26,073,859
Add: Addition during the year	9,818,658	19,121,400
	\$5,013,917	45,195,259
Securities premium account	1,332,525,772	1,332,525,772
General reserve		
Opening balance	2,450,000,000	2,050,000,000
Add: Addition during the year	200,000,000	400,000,000
	2,650,000,000	2,450,000,000
Statutory reserve *		
Opening balance	169,917,197	130,197,041
Add: Additions during the year	50,039,290	39,720,156
	219,956,487	169,917,197
Surglus		
Opening balance	4,931,384,116	4,194,662,445
Less: Share capital issued out of reserves	-	(11,864,442)
Less: Adjustment on account of change in useful life of tangible assets #	-	(8,072,769)
Less : Contributions towards corporate social responsibility	475 771 416	(23,651,000)
Add: Profit for the year transferred from the Stutement of Profit and Loss	825,773,416 5,757,157,532	1,231,030,038 5,362,104,272
	3,751,131,332	3,362,104,272
Less: Transfer to statutory reserve	(50,039,290)	(39,720,156)
Less: Transfer to capital redemption reserve	(11,000,000)	(11,000,000)
Less; Transfer to general reserve	(200,000,000)	(400,000,000)
	5,496,118,242	4,931,384,116
	9,998,558,588	9,162,966,514

^{*} Statutory reserve represents the reserve fund ereated under Section 45-IC of the Reserve Bank of India Act, 1934 (RBI Act). Under Section 45-IC, a company is required to transfer sum not less than twenty percent of its not profit every year to a reserve fund. Accordingly, the Company has transferred Rs. 50,039,290 (previous year Rs 39,720,156), being twenty percent of not profits from its financial activities in its subsidiary (Globe Fincap Limited) for the financial year to the statutory reserve. The statutory reserve can be utilised for the purposes as specified by the Reserve Bank of Iodia from time to time

refer Note 2.31

2.03: Long-term borrowings (secured)

Term toan from other parties *	59,000,000	220,000,000
	. 59,000,000	220,000,000

^{*} Loan of Rs, 59,000,000 (previous year Rs, 220,000,000) having original maturity of 5 years. The rate of interest varies from 10.25% to 11.35% per annum (previous year 11% to 12% per annum) and is secured against securities pledged, repayable on maturity with pre-payment option.

2.04: Long-term provisions

Provision for gratuity # Provision for standard assets	29,472,229 1,378,362	25,039,648 251,098
	30,850,591	25,290,746

refer to note 2.25







Significant accounting poticies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are to Indian Rupees)

	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.05; Short-term berrowings		
Secured		
Loans repayable on demand from banks (overdrafts) #	750,972,579	1,949,660,798
Lucius from other parties *	360,000,000	770,000,000
Unsecured		
Commercial paper *	457,326,D95	740,923,026
Loan from related parties **	-	20,000,000
From others **	148,513,000	248,500,000
	1,716,811,674	3,729,083,824

it out of the above, Rs, 639,644,714 (grevious year Rs. 1,128,105,201) are secured against fixed deposits pledged, interest rate varies from 8% to 10.25% per annum (previous year 9.20% to 11.25% per annum) and Rs, 111,327,865 (previous year Rs. 221,355,595) are secured against shares pledged, interest rate varies from 8% to 10.25% per annum (previous year 10.03% to 12.75% per annum)

* Loan amounting to Rs 110,000,000 is repayable on 14 September 2016 (previous year Rs 750,000,000 repayable on 12 September 2015) and Rs. 250,000,000 is repayable on 20 May 2016 (previous year Rs. 20,000,000 repayable on 20 May 2016 (previous year Rs. 20,000,000 repayable on 10 March 2016) with a pre-payable on 10 may 2016 (previous year Rs. 20,000,000 repayable on 10 March 2016) with a pre-payable on 12 September 2015) and Rs. 250,000,000 is repayable on 12 September 2015).

Detail of rephyment, interest rate and installment due for the year ended 31 March 2016;

Particulars	A5 61	Date of redemption
Facticuzia	31 March 2016	Date at Teachaption
10.10% HDFC Bank (INE081/14289)	· 260,000,0 0 0	11 Aրով 2016
9.95% Eacont Mutual Fland (INE081J14172)	100,000,000	11 April 2016
9,75% Escort Mutual Fund (INE013U14024)	100,000,000	08 June 2016
-		

Total 460,000,000

Detail of repayment, interest rate and installment due for the year coded 31 March 2015;

Porticulars	As *(31 March 2015	Date of redemption
10.10% HDFC Bank (INE081J14164)	260,000,000	29 April 2015
10.05% HDPC Bank (INFORIJ14180)	249,000,000	22 May 2015
10.20% Escort Mutual Fund (INE081314172)	250,090,090	27 May 2015

Total 754,000,000

2.0% Trade payables

Payables against goods and services

(n) Total cutstanding dues of micro enterprises and small enterprises

(b) Tutal outstanding dues of corditors other than micro enterprises and small enterprises

20,048,763 115,854,607

20,048,763

5,330,756,566

115,834,607

4.641.531.558

2.07: Other current liabilities		
·		
Advance/ margin received from:		
- сузотова	3,898,060,788	4,104,566,015
- related parties	5,272,]44	2,006,451
Payable to exchanges	1,254,447,669	399,697,896
Current menurities of long teno dela	•	269,492
Psyable to clicats *	11,322,477	-
Salary, bonus and other employee payables	49,472,238	72,696,681
interest accrued but not due on borrowings	2,306,449	2,091,596
Instance received in advance	5,422,345	5,610,098
Book overdrafts	71,924,453	11,874,591
Withholding and other taxes ravable	32 128 003	42 718 738

As per accounting policy, the accounting is done on trade date basis. This figure represents net payable to clients, pertaining to trades which are settled in next financial year as per exchange mechanism.

1.05: Short-term provisions

Provision for gratity #	6,524,175	5,772,456
Provision for income-tax	39,989,014	15,619,604
[(net of income-trix recoverable Rs. 462,697,376 (previous year Rs. 169,345,396)]		
Provision for wealth tax	•	6,556
Provision for abundard assets	9,509,131	7,325,412
Provision for special mention accounts (SMA)	4,132,737	
Provision for non performing assets	4,375,025	26,063,030
	64,510,082	54,787,958
•		

Pirefer to note 2.25







^{**} interest rate on the loan varies from 9% to 13% per annum (previous year 11% to 13% per annum).

Significant accounting policies and notes to the convolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2.09 Fixed assets

Particulars	_	Gros	Gross block			Accomulated depreciation/ amortisation	cintian/ amortisatio		Ver black	lark
	Asat	Additions	Deletions	Asult	Asat	Depreciation *	Deletions	Annt	As at	الد الا
	3 April 2015	during the year	during the year	31 March 2016	1 April 2015	charge for the year	the year during the year	31 March 2016	31 March 2016	31 Murch 2015
Tangible assets										
Office premises	3,728,725		,	3,728,725	912.572	62,684		975.256	2.753.469	2.816.153
	(3,728,725)	,	ı	(7,728,725)	jessa,639)	(52,213)		(912,572)	2,816,133)	
Furniture and fittings	5,592,271	[8 1,944	997,329	4,776,886	3,501,856	351,500	824,095	3,019,261	1,757,625	2,090,415
	(3,596,943)	(682,665)	(1,087,337)	(5.592,271)	(3,720,204)	(406,594)	· (624,942)	(3,501,850)	12,090,415)	
Computers	74,026,873	5,169,003	2,313,153	76,882,723	111,018,80	3,876,579	2,298,126	70,388,664	6,494,059	4.216.762
	(74,748,256)	(3,035,4)5)	(3,756,899)	(74.026,873)	(56,811,814)	(15,681,502)	(3,683,203)	(68,810,777)	15,216,752;	
Office equipment	18,080,892	1,351,164	1,909,867	17,522,189	12,330,427	2,230,993	1,5%0,692	12,960,728	4,561,461	5,750,465
	(17,096,196)	(2,615,229)	(1,630,543)	(18,080,892)	(4.786,044)	(3,637,703)	(1,003,320)	112,880,427)	(5,750,465)	
Vehicles	24,156,202	4,058,134	1	28,214,336	4,771,598	0,201,108		7,972,736	20,241,630	19,384,604
	(12,713,945)	(11,441,157)	,	(24.156,292)	(2.881,617)	(2,089,981)		(4,771,598)	(79,384,604)	
Total tangible assets (f) President year	125,594,963 (714,285,167)	10,760,245 (17,774,476)	5,220,349 (6, <i>474,6</i> 40)	131,124,859 (125,584,963)	90,326,564 (68,849,731)	9,702,964 (26,878,291)	4,712,913 (5,401,465)	95,316,61 <u>5</u> (96,326,564)	35,808,244 (38,288,399)	35.258,399
Infangible assets										
Software	6,356,775		1	6.356,775	6,356,775			6,356,773		
	(8,335,775)		ı	(6,356,774)	(0,396,663)	(2117)		(0.336,775)		
Total tangible assets (II)	6,356,775	1	ı	6,356,775	6,356,775	,		6,356,775		
Previous year	(6,356,778)	•	•	(6,356,775)	(6,386,663)	(50,112)	·	(6,356,773)		
Total (J+II)	131,941,738	10,760.245	5.220,349	137,481,634	96,683,339	9,702,964	4,712,913	101.673,390	35,818,244	35,258,399
Previous year	(120,641,942)	(17,774,476)	(6.474,680)	(131,941,738)	(75,156,401)		(5,401,465)	(96,683,339)	(35.258.399)	

figures in brookers relates to previous year * refer to Note 2.31





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupers)

	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.10: Non-current investment (non-trade, at cost)		
A. Investment in equity instruments		
Quoted		
Fully paid-up of face value Rs. 10 rach		
19,114 (previous year 12,743) shares of Kothari Products Limited	447,321	447,321
2,606 (previous year 2,606) shares of Mawana Sugars Limited	52,102	52,102
121,261 (previous year 121,261) shares of Jayshree Chemicals Limited	1,818,914	1,818,914
27,197 (previous year 27,197) shares of Oberoi Realty Limited	7,071,220	7,071,220
108,600 (previous year 108,600) shares of Munudeshwar Caramics Limited	2,172,000	2,172,000
6,625 (previous year Nil) shares of Narayana Hrudayalaya Limited	1,656,250	-
1,200 (previous year 1,200) shares of Thejo Engineering Limited	241,200	241,200
7,365 (previous year 7,365) shares of Uttam Sugar Mills Limited	162,030	162,030
1,828,937 (previous year Nil) shares of Rural Electrification Corporation Limited	417,362,342	-
92,342 (previous year 100,000) shares of Elantas Beck India Limited	53,809,530	58,272,000
Nil (previous year 33) shares of Caulin Home Limited	-	14,850
36,431 (previous year Nil) shares of GMR Infra Limited	546,465	•
Fully paid-up of face value Rs. 5 each		
75,000 (previous year 75,000) shares of Castrol India Limited	3,453,071	3,453,071
Fully paid-up of face value Rs. 2 each		
694 (previous year 779) shares of East India Hotels Limited	45,804	51,414
Unquoted		
Equity shares, fully paid-up of face value Rs. 10 each		
771 (previous year 5,400) shares of Bharat NRE Coke Limited *	100,000	100,000
159 (previous year 159) shares of Sistema Shyam Teleservices Limited	1,590	1,590
B. Investment in compulsory convertible debentures		
Nil (previous year 2,289) units of The Indian Hotel	-	125,895
	488,939,839	73,983,607
Aggregate market value of quoted investments	467,527,663	164,409,672
Aggregate book value of quoted investments	488.838,249	73,882,017
Aggregate book value of unquoted investments	101,590	101,590

* Farlier quoted as Gujrat NRE Mineral Resources Limited





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (Altamounts are in Indian Rupces)

	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
2.11: Deferred tax assets		
Deferred tax assets		
Provision on standard ussets	3,767,944	2,575,256
Provision for non-performing assets	1,514,109	8,858,824
Provision for doubtful debts	3,436,699	1,296,094
Provision for special mention accounts (SMA)	1,423,336	.
Priliminary expenses written off		24,794
Provision for gratuity	12,457,635	10,473,035
Disallowances on unrealised loss as per Income Computation and Disclosure Standards	1,657,597	
Disallowances u/s 43B of the Income-tax Act, 1961	4,967,994	5,067,333
Difference between carrying cost of fixed assets as per Companies Act, 2013 and Income-tax Act, 1961	1,056,782	99 6 ,386
Deferred tax assets	30,282,096	29,291,722
2.12: Long-Serm louns and advances		
	•	
Secured, considered good Louns - Standard assets (receivable under financing activities)	459,453,853	100,439,217
Unsecured, considered good		
Margins/ deposits with stock exchange and others	55,119,330	55,298,735
Income-tuxes recoverable	150,353,936	141,821,820
[not of provision for tax Rs. 2,126,345,000 (previous year Rs. 2,026,419,834)]		
Capital advances	140,000,000	140,000,000
Other advances	5,260,598	5,953,988
	810,187,717	443,513,780
2.13: Other non-current assets (Unsecured, considered good)		
Bank deposits with maturity more than twolve months *		
- placed under lien with banks	2,631,305,184	1,353,880,227
 pledged with the clearing corporations and stock exchanges as margin 	434,902,954	340,920,000
- deposits in hand	279,600,000	111,800,000
	3,345,808,138	1,806,600,227
Interest accrued but not due	694,253	410,443
Ambar 1 Are	3,346,502,391	1,807,010,670
* refer to note 2.16		
2.14: Inventories (at lower of cost and net realizable value)		
Stock-in-trade of securities, commodities and bonds *	2,579,243,316	\$,103,205,786
	2,579,243,316	5,103,205,786
* refer to note 2.29		







•	As 21 31 March 2016	As pt 31 March 2015
2.15: Trade receivables		
Secured		
a) Outstanding for more than six months from due date Considered good.	52,922,512	27,956,215
h) Other trade receivables - Considered good	1,055,120,760	900,788,072
Unsecured		
a) Outstanding for more than six months from due date Considered good Considered doubtful	20,696,390 7,378,563	23,409,816 3,066,225
b) Other trade receivables		
Considered good Considered doubtful	35,834,787 2,751,797	424,6[8,161 746,937
• Славискоефа фентретти	1,174,504,807	1,380,585,426
Less: Provision for doubtful debts	9,930,359	3,813,162
	1,164,574,448	1,376,772,264
	1,104,114,440	1,010,17,34,04
2.16: Cash and bank balances		•
Carb and cash equivalents		-44-
Cash in hand Bolonces with hanks:	299,383	402,464
- in current accounts	184,937,460	274,465,865
- fixed deposits less than three translits	62,500,000 247,736,843	274,868,329
		• •
Other bank balances Bank deposits with maturity less than (welve months *		
- placed under tion with banka	2,316,102,997	3,581,545,264
 pledged with the clearing corporations and stock exchanges as margin. deposits in hand 	1,414,986,083 416,905,000	1,322,464,897 1,000,000
- ucposus in nanu	4,147,994,086	4,905,010,151
Bank deposits with maturity more than twelve mouths *		- 570 450 407
 placetd under bear with banks pledged with the clearing corporations and stock exchanges as margin 	2, 631,305,664 434,902,954	1,353,880,227 340,920,000
- deposits in hand	279,600,000	111,800,000
	3,345,868,138	1,806,600,227
Total cash and bank balances	7,741,539,061	6,986,478,707
Less: bank deposits with insturity more than twelve months	3,345,808,138	1,806,600,227
	4,395,730,923	5,179,873,480
* accitudes bank deposits given to exchanges by constituents, as margine, on their belatfamounting to	Ry 5,011,398,172 (previous year Rs. 4,010	,134,436)
2.17: Short-term lang and advances		
Secured Standard assets (receivable under financing activities)	2,828,928,514	2,715,466,632
Sub-standard assets (receivable under financing activities)	57,926,313	12,324,535
Unsecured		
Standard assets (receivable under financing activities)	340,782,024	104,530,200
Sub-standard assets (receivable under financing activities)	41,828,425	91,927,583
Margins/ deposit with stock exchange and others Receivable from exchanges	76,198,129 205,954,650	206,089,056 947,289,634
Other advances	97,791,179	76,990,808
·	3,749,409,234	4,154,618,448
·	<u></u>	4-4-4
2.13; Other current assets		
Interest accrued but not due on fixed deposits	76,442,577	73,803,643
Receivable from clients.* Dividend receivable	871,534,179 6 200	220.063
Others	6,3 0 0	62,475
		b
	947,983.056	74,0\$4,151
 As per accounting policy, the accounting in done on trade date basis. This figure represents a financial year as per exchange mechanism. 		tracks which are settled in next
	The same of the sa	





Significant accounting policies and notes to the consulidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
2.19: Revenue from operations		
Brokerage carned (gross)	976,565,593	1,034,8 7 9,871
Income from securities and commodities trading	296,153,947	1,056,692,561
Income from depository and portfolio management services	26,521,164	30,012,181
Dividend earned	34,910,781	75,407,155
Income from interest on loans	575,825,049	499,398,954
Other operating revenues		
Interest earned *	979,891,627	870,701,000
Gain on sale of investments (net)	8,387,983	43,178,404
Guin on sale of tax-free bonds	· -	1,053,686
Dividend income on long-term investments	39,778,344	1,519,869
Bad debts recovered	188,790	-
Provisions/ habilities no longer required written-back	489,941	1,207,025
Interest on investment in tax-free bonds	•	661,038
	2,938,713,219	3,614,711,744

^{*} Includes interest on fixed deposits placed with banks Rs. 672,181,776 (previous year Rs. 688,392,036) and interest recovered on delayed payments Rs. 307,709,852 (previous year Rs. 182,308,964).

2.20: Other income

Profit on sale of fixed assets (net) Miscellaneous	66,113 1,417,834	- 9 79,442
	1,483,947	979,442
2.21: Employee benefits expenses		
Salaries and wages	388,545,087	419,861,642
Contribution to provident fund	6,990,021	3,393,090
Gratuity	8,011,201	9,930,257
Staff welfare	5,733,697	5,066,705
	409,280,006	438,251,694







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

(All sileondes sie in musik respects)		
	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
2.22: Other expenses		
Communication	33,447,246	38,980,704
Travelling and conveyance	22,759,669	22,964,842
Printing and stationery	2,644,706	3,332,354
Rent #	47,274,790	48,292,952
Rates and taxes (net of recoveries)	1,510,796	7,416,668
Fees and subscription	2,941,903	1,714,506
Bad debts written-off		
Debts written-off during the year (net of bad debts recovered during the year)	46,534,050	57,862,679
Less: provision made earlier, no longer required written back	26,063,030 20,471,020	23,305,354 34,557,325
Provision for doubtful debts	6,117,197	2,529,231
Provision for standard assets	3,310,983	363,125
Provision for non-performing assets	4,375,025	26,063,030
Provision for special mention accounts (SMA)	4,112,737	-
Entertainment/ business promotion	425,334	2,904,503
Brokerage and commission	198,633,764	182,935,084
Electricity	13,712,961	12,886,033
Depository expenses	5,819,084	6,043,087
Warehouse charges	15,411,971	10,157,825
Exchange charges	239,663,396	316,102,796
Advertisement	2,356,133	2,560,999
Legal and professional *	23,344,799	22,659,763
Repairs and maintenance - others	11,131,070	12,224,431
Insurance	989,719	1,349,921
Computer and data processing charges	. 15,244,126	16,666,196
Donation	682,100	313,100
Contributions towards corporate social responsibility	28,280,000	0.000.005
Festivity expenses	2,692,209	2,900,095
Security transaction tax	110,673,844	132,890,393
Commodity transaction tax	393,472	805,447
Loss on sale of fixed assets (net)		397,826
Miscellaneous	4,594,741	4,491,444
	823,014,795	914,503,680
# Represents rental expense incurred in respect of office space leased by the Group extend for a maximum period of 3 years from their respective dates of inception. * Audit fees includes (excluding service tax): As auditor For tax audit Other matters Reimbursement of expenses	under operating lease arrangements. These lease 3,369,403 112,500 1,400,000 465,000	2,862,500 162,500 1,425,000 457,300
Retinouisement of expenses	5.346,903	4,907,300
2.23: Finance costs	Table 4 to be 1000	
Interest expense	****	100,000
- on bank overdrafts	98,340,281	105,649,506
- on others	232,988,639	218,473,627
Other borrowing costs		
- Discount on commercial papers	79,266,915	55,441,176
- Other	45,180,523	72,353,066





455,776,358



451,917,375

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2.24 Contingent liabilities and commitments (to the extent not provided for)

Particulars	As at 31 March 2016	As at 31 March 2015
Contingent liabilities		
Claims against the Group not acknowledged as debt (on account of arbitration filed by client)	45,155,089	45,677,991
On account of stamp duty	327,590,700	327,590,700
On account of VAT	153,536,257	154,508,257
Capital commitments		
On contracts remaining to be executed on capital account and not provided for	20,000,000	20,000,000

The Group has reviewed all its pending litigations and proceedings and has adequately provided for where provisions are required and disclosed as contingent liabilities where applicable, in its Consolidated Financial Statements. The Group does not expect the outcome of these proceedings to have a materially adverse effect on its consolidated financial results.

2.25 Employee Benefits

(i) The following table sets out the status of un-funded gratuity plan and the amounts recognised in the Company's Consolidated Financial Statements as at 31 March 2016 and 31 March 2015:

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
a) Change in present value of obligation		
Present value of obligation at the beginning of the year	30,812,104	22,667,842
Add: Current service cost	5,301,612	5,306,920
Interest cost	2,403,344	2,062,773
Benefit paid	(2,826,901)	(1,785,995)
Actuarial (gain)/ loss on obligation	306,245	2,560,564
Present value of obligations at the end of the year	35,996,404	30,812,104
b) Amount recognised in the Consolidated Balance Sheet		
Present value of obligations at the end of the year	35,996,404	30,812,104
Net liability recognised in the Consolidated Balance Sheet #	35,996,404	30,812,104
e) Gratuity cost for the year		
Current Service Cost	5,301,612	5,306,920
Interest Cost	2,403,344	2,062,773
Not Actuarial (gain)/ loss recognised in the year	306,245	2,560,564
Net gratuity cost recognised in the Consolidated Statement of	•	
Profit and Loss	8,011,201	9,930,257
d) Assumptions used for actuarial valuation		
Discount rate	7.70%	7.80%
Rate of increase in compensation	5.00%	5.00%
Withdrawal rate	10.00%	10.00%
Mortality rate	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)	Indian Assured Lives Mortality (2006-08)







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

includes current portion Rs. 6,524,175 (previous year Rs. 5,772,456) and non-current portion Rs. 29,472,229 (previous year Rs. 25,039,648).

(ii) Experience adjustments

	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015	For the year ended 31 March 2014	For the year ended 31 March 2013	For the year ended 31 March 2012
Present value of obligation	34,211,204	29,440,170	22,109,136	21,229,802	16,480,116
Surplus/ (Deficit)	(34,211,204)	(29,440,170)	(22,109,136)	(21,229,802)	(16,480,116)
Experience adjustments on plan liabilities	(678,384)	(72,245)	2,481,651	1,617,870	1,291,190

Explanations to assumptions used for actuarial valuation for Gratuity

The estimates of future salary increases, considered in actuarial valuation, take into account inflation, seniority, promotion and other relevant factors, such as supply and demand in the employment market. The discount rate has been chosen by reference to market yields on government bonds as at the date of the valuation with reference to the term that matched the liability.

Defined contribution plan

A sum of Rs. 6,990,021 (previous year Rs. 3,393,090) on account of provident fund is recognized as an expense and included in 'contribution to provident fund' in the Statement of Profit and Loss.

2.26 Related party transactions

a) List of the related parties:

Key management personnel:

Yashpal Mendiratta * Managing director
Ashok Kumar Agarwal * Whole-time director

Alka Mendiratta * Whole-time director, Globe Commodities Limited Alka Agarwal * Whole-time director, Globe Commodities Limited

Amit Bansal Director, Globe Commodities Limited

Nidhi Aggarwai * Whole-time director, Globe Derivatives and Securities Limited

Sahil Mendiratta * Whole-time director, Globe Fincap Limited
Arpit Agarwal * Whole-time director, Globe Fincap Limited

Ankit Agarwal * Whole-time director, Globe Derivatives and Securities Limited

Ankit Surana Director, Globe Comex International DMCC

Enterprises in which key management personnel and/or their relatives have significant influence:

A To Z Venture Capital Limited Rolex Finvest Private Limited * A To Z Consultants Private Limited * M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited Lakshya Impex Private Limited * Yashpal Mendiratta (HUF) *







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

Ashok Kumar Agarwal (HUF) *
Bolt Synthetic Private Limited
Globe Capital Foundation
A M Share Brokers Private Limited

b) Transactions with related parties:

Particulars	For the year ended	For the year ended
	31 March 2016	31 March 2015
Short-term loan received	T - /// - 1// - ///	21 11111 00 2010
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	101,130,000	77,400,000
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	44,900,000	66,900,000
Bolt Synthetic Private Limited	16,200,000	11,900,000
A TO Z Consultants Private Limited	2,400,000	-
A TO Z Venture Capital Limited	900,000	-
Short-term loan repaid		
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	64,900,000	46,900,000
Bolt Synthetic Private Limited	16,200,000	11,900,000
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	101,130,000	82,400,000
A TO Z Consultants Private Limited	2,400,000	-
A TO Z Venture Capital Limited	900,000	-
Brokerage earned		
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	172	6,148
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	104	13,156
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited	46,255	45,508
A to Z Venture Capital Limited	584	17,061
Bolt Synthetic Private Limited	702	-
A M Share Brokers Private Limited	592	
A to Z Consultants Private Limited	900	-
Reimbursement of expenses		
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited	17,153	15,125
Globe Capital Foundation	3,376	
Income from portfolio management services		
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited	140,746	108,161
Income from depository services		
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	4,054	3,969
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	891	1,013
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited	2,667	3,255
Others	7,046	2,528
Remuneration to directors		
Ashok Kumar Agarwal #	13,879,392	25,759,440
Yashpal Mendiratta #	13,879,392	25,759,440
Alka Agarwal	480,000	480,000
Alka Mendiratta	480,000	480,000
Nidhi Aggarwal	3,000,000	2,500,000
Sahil Mendiratta #	3,028,800	2,414,600







^{*} the above parties are also shareholders of the Company

Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

Particulars	For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
Arpit Agarwal #	31 March 2016 3,028,800	2,414,600
Ankit Agarwal	3,000,000	2,125,000
Expenses (Rent)		
Ashok Kumar Agarwal	135,000	135,000
Yashpal Mendiratta	135,000	135,000
Alka Agarwal	450,000	450,000
Alka Mendiratta	450,000	450,000
Ashok Kumar Agarwal (HUF)	745,800	745,800
Yashpal Mendiratta (HUF)	745,800	745,800
A to Z Venture Capital Limited	876,120	876,120
A to Z Consultants Private Limited	588,000	588,000
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	866,160	866,160
Contribution towards corporate social responsibility	•	
Globe Capital Foundation (refer to Note 2.28)	25,780,000	23,151,000
Interest Paid		
Lakshya Impex Private Limited	781,797	477,108
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	1,038,139	598,159
Bolt Synthetic Pvt. Limited	358,374	239,080
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited	2,452,382	2,229,390
A TO Z Consultants Private Limited	160,380	•
A TO Z Venture Capital Limited	79,223	•
Balances outstanding as at the year end		
Advance/ margin received from related parties		
M Agarwal Stock Brokers Private Limited	784,609	2,006,451
Atoz Consultants Private Limited	2,900,000	•
Atoz Venture Capital Limited	1,349,851	-
Bolt Synthetics Private Limited	299,404	-
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	538,280	-
Short-term borrowings	1	
Rolex Finvest Private Limited	-	20,000,000
Salary, bonus and other payables		
Ashok Kumar Agarwal	2,489,753	14,619,334
Yashpal Mendiratta	2,419,753	14,579,335
Alka Agarwal	19,587	4,859
Alka Mendiratta	19,904	4,905
Nidhi Aggarwal	49,204	565,738
Sahil Mendiratta	164,735	188,869
Arpit Agarwal	164,735	188,869
Ankit Agarwal	139,735	921,913

includes value of perquisites

Notes:

1 Receivable and payable balances exclude the amount of transactions for the last day trading (except in the case of subsidiaries), if any, settled subsequent to year end.







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2 Balances outstanding as at the year-end being advance/ margin received from related parties are presented as net-off debits and credits during the year, being voluminous in nature and in the normal course of business.

2.27 Segment Reporting

a. Business Segment

- The business segment has been considered as the primary segment.
- ii. The Group's primary business segments are reflected based on principal business activities, the nature of product or service, the risks and returns, the organisation structure and the internal financial reporting system.
- iii. The Group's business comprises of dealing in shares, commodities, securities and derivatives either on its own or on behalf of its constituents, financing activities and other related ancillary services. The entire operations are governed by the same set of risk and returns, hence, there is no reportable business segment, however pursuant to Clause 31 of Accounting Standard 17 on Segment Reporting as prescribed by the Companies (Accounting Standards) Rules, 2006, current year disclosures have been made accordingly and therefore reportable segment for the current year is as under:
 - a) Capital markets: comprises brokerage income earned on secondary market transactions done
 on behalf of clients, services rendered as depository participant and proprietary trading in
 securities, commodities and derivatives.
 - Financing activities: comprises the financing activities carried out by the NBFC subsidiary Globe Fincap Limited.

b. Geographical Segment

The geographical segments have been identified by the location of the customers and business operations of the Group and the same have been considered as secondary segments viz. within India and Outside India.

a) Primary Segment information (by business segments)

Particulars	Capital market	Financing activities	Unallocated others	Total
i) Segment revenue	2,363,460,336	576,736,830	-	2,940,197,166
	(3,116,471,295)	(499,219,891)	(-)	(3,615,691,186)
ii) Segment results	1,071,563,049	469,619,219	-	1,541,182,268
	(1,698,398,285)	(381,048,295)	(-)	(2,079,446,580)
Less: Interest expenses				256,481,074
				(250,010,626)
Less: Unallocated expenditure				42,278,151
net of unallocated income)				(33,116,306)
Add: Exceptional item				-
				(-)
Less: Taxation #				416,649,627
				(565,289,612)







Globe Capital Market Limited Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016 (All amounts are in Indian Rupecs)

Particulars	Capital market	Financing activities	Unallocated others	Tota
Total profit after tax		-		825,773,416
				(1,231,030,038
iii) Segment assets	13,448,760,751	3,728,919,130	340,699,287	17,518,379,168
	(14,893,945,828)	(3,024,688,189)	(329,693,568)	(18,248,327,585
iv) Segment liabilities	6,107,077,682	1,085,142,175	29,757,819	7,221,977,676
	(7,372,587,026)	(1,295,036,741)	(118,904,027)	(8,786,527,794
v) Capital expenditure	10,489,547	-	270,700	10,760,24
	(17,589,033)	(-)	(185,443)	(17,774,476
vi) Depreciation	8,639,569	-	1,063,395	9,702,96
	(13,562,228)	(-)	(1,136,559)	(14,698,787
vii) Non cash expenses other tha	n depreciation			
- Bad debts written off	-	20,471,020	-	20,471,020
(net of provision written back)	(16,924,391)	(17,632,934)	(-)	(34,557,325
- Provision for doubtful debts	6,117,197	-		6,117,19
	(2,529,231)	(-)	(-)	(2,529,231
- Provision for doubtful advance	-	-		
•	(-)	(-)	(-)	(-
- Provision for standard assets		3,310,983	-	3,310,983
	_	(363,125)	(-)	(363,125
- Provision for non-performing	_	4,375,025	-	4,375,02
assets	(-)	(26,063,030)	(-)	(26,063,030
- Provision for SMA	-	4,112,737	•	4,112,73
	(-)	(-)	(-)	. (-
- Provision for gratuity	8,011,201	-	-	8,011,20
	(9,930,257)	· (-)	(-)	(9,930,257)

[#] includes current income-tax, deferred tax charge/ credit and prior year tax adjustment.

b) Secondary segment information (by Geographical segments)

Revenue, assets and addition to tangible and intangible fixed assets by geographical area	Revenue	Assets	Addition to fixed assets and tangible
Within India	2,933,441,640	17,327,637,437	10,760,247
•	(3,606,383,411)	(18,018,549,347)	(17,774,476)
Outside India	6,755,525	190,741,730	-
	(9,307,775)	(229,778,241)	(•)
Total	2,940,197,166	17,518,379,168	10,760,247
	(3,615,691,186)	(18,248,327,588)	(17,774,476)

Note: figure in brackets [in a) and b) above] represents previous year figures







Significant accounting policies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016. [All amounts are in Indian Rupces]

- 2.28 Pursuant to Section 135 of the Companies Act, 2013 the Company has incurred expenditure (paid) in respect of corporate social responsibility as follows:
 - a) Gross amount required to be spent by the Company during the year: Rs. 28,263,596.
 - b) Amount Spent during the year on:

		(Amount in Rs.)
. Particulars	In Cash	Yet to be paid in eash	Total
(i) Construction/Acquisition of Assets	(-)	· (•)	i . (-)
(ii) On purpose other than (i) above	28,280,000 (23,651,000)	(-)	28,280,000 (23,651,000)
Total	28,280,000 (23,651,000)		28,280,000 (23,651,000)

(Figures in bracket represents previous year numbers)

During the year ended 31 March 2015, the Company has appropriated the amount through reserves and surplus.

- e) During the current year, the Company has made contributions amounting to Rs 25,780,000 (previous year Rs. 23,151,000) to a Public Charitable Trust 'Globe Capital Foundation' (a related party as per AS-18).
- 2.29 With effect from I April 2015, the Company has revised its method of valuation of securities held as inventory wherein the Company now carries inventory at the lower of cost and the market value computed on a category-wise basis (equity, preference, bonds, mutual funds etc excluding stock-in-trade pertaining to commodities) instead of individual scrip basis as adopted earlier till 31 March 2015. This change has resulted in an increase in closing inventory and profit before tax by Rs. 105,871,781, thereby resulting in increase of tax by Rs. 36,640,106 for the year ended 31 March 2016.
- 2.30 With effect from I April 2015, the Company has revised the policy of accounting for outstanding derivative contracts (Puture & Options). In accordance with the Guidance Note on Accounting for Derivative Contracts issued by ICAI on 1 June 2015, the Company now accounts for the outstanding open derivatives at a fair value with changes being recognized in the Statement of Profit and Loss. Till previous year the Company ignored the profits on the outstanding positions of open contracts in accordance with the announcement issued by ICAI in March 2008 relating to accounting of derivatives. This change has resulted in an increase in income from trading in securities by Rs. 22,260,353, thereby resulting in increase of tax by Rs. 7,703,863 for the year ended 31 March 2016.
- 2.31 Pursuant to the Companies Act, 2013 ('the Act') being effective from 1 April 2014, the Group has revised depreciation rates on tangible fixed assets as per the useful life specified in Part 'C' of Schedule II of the Act. As a result of this change, the depreciation charge for the year ended 31 March 2015 is higher by Rs. 4,934,196. In respect of assets whose useful life is already exhausted as on 1 April 2014, depreciation of Rs. 8,072,769 (net of deferred tax impact of Rs. 4,156,847) has been adjusted in Reserves and Surplus.







Significant accounting poficies and notes to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2016. (All amounts are in Indian Rupees)

2.32 Basic and diluted earnings per share

Description [For the year ended 31 March 2016	For the year ended 31 March 2015
Net productifier tax	825,773,416	1,231,030,038
Net profits attributable to equity shareholders (A)	825,773,416	1,231,030,038
Equity snares outstanding during the year for calculation of basic and diluted earnings per share (B)	32,812,500	32,812,500
. Busic and diluted earnings per equity share of the face value of Rs. (6 each (C \pm Δ/B)	25.17	37.52

2.33 The Board of Directors had earlier decided to delist the Company's equity shares from the Delhi Stock Litchings ("DSE"). Pursuant to SEBI pronouncement on "Non-Operational Stock Exchanges", DSE vide letter dated 29 September 2014 had sought Company's decision out of the options available. After evaluating the various options available and on receipt of a letter from DSE, the Company has forwarded them the information as was required for onward submission to the Dissemination Board of BSE. During the current year, OSE vide its letter dated 18 May 2015 informed the Company that it has been transferred to the Dissant tation Board of the Bombay Stock Exchange, Further, it also mentioned that the Company is not required to comply with listing agreement made with DSE and not required to pay the listing fee from 1 April 2015 cowards. The Company has informed SEBI that in its board meeting field on 29 October 2015, the Board has decided not to go for direct fisting on any other exchange, and to provide the investors/ public shareholders exit copertunity as mutually agreed in accordance with applicable laws.

As per our report of even date attached.

For B S R & Co. LLP. Chartored Accountants

PRN: 101248W/4100022

Jiten Chopra

Partner.

Membership No.: 892894

For P.C. Bindal & Co.

FRN: 003824N

Chartered Accountants

Membership No.: 088638

For and on behalf of Board of Directors of .

Globe Capital Market Limited

Yashpal Mendiratta

Managing Director

DIN: 00004185

Allak home Al Ashok Kumar Agarwal

Whole-time Director

DIN: 00003988

Company Secretary

Place Grandson

Date: 29 April 2016

Place: New Deihi-

Date: 29 April 2016

Place; New Delhi-

Date: 29 April 2016